Appendix C



Noise Impact Assessment

CTM Design Services Ltd. 5826 Rochdale Blvd Regina Shell Canada Car Wash



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Sound Advice • Sound Delivery



Executive Summary

CTM Design Services Ltd. (CTM Design) wanted to determine the environmental noise impact of the proposed Shell Canada Car Wash at 5826 Rochdale Blvd in the City of Regina. CTM Design retained the services of FDI Acoustics to complete a Noise Impact Assessment for the proposed development to determine compliance with the Permissible Sound Levels (PSLs) of the City of Regina Bylaw 6980¹, "The Noise Abatement Bylaw" Section 7.1, Land Use Noises. The assessment also provides the foundation to develop noise control measures for the equipment assessed should the predicted sound levels exceed the PSLs of the City of Regina Bylaw 6980 (Bylaw).

Octave band sound pressure levels related to the significant noise sources associated with the proposed car wash equipment operations were assigned from a combination of manufacturer's data and FDI Acoustics' sound pressure level measurement library or calculated following schemes as presented in texts^{2,3}. Following accepted acoustic evaluation practices, the sound pressure level data was used to calculate octave band sound power level values for the significant noise sources associated with the proposed equipment. The sound power levels were entered in the Softnoise GmbH Predictor™ Type 7810 noise propagation modelling software. The environmental noise propagation computer model calculated the sound level contribution of the car wash operations at three property line locations and at multiple elevations of the façades of two residential buildings near the site.

Table ES-1 presents the results of the modeling along with the PSLs for the receiver locations.

Receiver Location	Daytime Sound Level (dBA L _{eq})	Nighttime Sound Level (dBA L _{eq})	Daytime Sound Level (dBA L _{eq})	Nighttime Sound Level (dBA L _{eq})
	Withou	t Barrier	w/ Nort	h Barrier
1111 Lakewood Court North – Eye Health Clinic Property Line	61.3	-	61.3	-
1111 Lakewood Court North – Dental Health Clinic Property Line	66.9	-	66.9	-
Permissible Sound Level (Mixed Use Zone)	70.0	-	70.0	-
North Property Line - 1130 Lakewood Terrace	62.6	62.6	49.7	49.7
1130 Lakewood Terrace – 1 st Floor	52.9	52.9	52.8	52.8
1130 Lakewood Terrace – 2 nd Floor	52.6	52.6	52.6	52.6
1130 Lakewood Terrace – 3 rd Floor	52.2	52.2	52.2	52.2
105 Lakewood Court – 1 st Floor	50.4	50.4	46.5	46.5
105 Lakewood Court – 2 nd Floor	50.4	50.4	48.0	48.0
Permissible Sound Level (Residential Zone)	60.0	55.0	60.0	55.0

 Table ES-1

 Predicted Sound Levels

 Shell Canada Car Wash 5826 Rochdale Boulevard, Regina Saskatchewan



Executive Summary (continued)

The results of the environmental noise propagation model indicate the predicted sound levels from the proposed Shell Canada Car Wash operations are predicted to exceed the daytime and nighttime PSLs of Bylaw 6980 at the property line with 1130 Lakewood Terrace. CTM Design has indicated the landscape design of the for site may incorporate a 1.8 metre height fence (acoustic barrier) along the north property line. FDI Acoustics notes with the sound barrier in place the results of modelling indicate the Shell Canada Car Wash operations are predicted to comply the daytime and nighttime PSLs of Bylaw 6980 at the receiver locations assessed.





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Scope of Work

CTM Design Services Ltd. (CTM Design) wanted to determine the environmental noise impact of the proposed Shell Canada Car Wash at 5826 Rochdale Blvd in the City of Regina. CTM Design retained the services of FDI Acoustics to complete a Noise Impact Assessment for the proposed development to determine compliance with the Permissible Sound Levels (PSLs) of the City of Regina Bylaw 6980¹, "The Noise Abatement Bylaw" Section 7.1, Land Use Noises. The assessment also provides the foundation to develop noise control measures for the equipment assessed should the predicted sound levels exceed the PSLs of the City of Regina Bylaw 6980 (Bylaw).

Method

Octave band sound pressure levels related to the significant noise sources associated with the proposed car wash equipment operations were assigned from a combination of manufacturer's data and FDI Acoustics' sound pressure level measurement library or calculated following schemes as presented in texts^{2,3}. Following accepted acoustic evaluation practices, the sound pressure level data was used to calculate octave band sound power level values for the significant noise sources associated with the proposed development equipment. Plans for the development were provided by CTM Design. The development area information supplied by CTM Design was supplemented with information from government and commercial sources. This information formed the input for an environmental noise propagation computer model that calculates the sound level contribution of the car wash operations at three property line locations and at multiple elevations of the façades of two residential buildings near the site.

The results of the model are presented as the individual component sound levels of the proposed car wash equipment, the overall facility sound level contribution, the predicted sound levels for the receiver locations under assessment, and as a study area contour map. The results are reviewed with the predicted sound levels compared with the applicable PSLs to determine compliance. Should the results exceed either the daytime or nighttime PSLs; noise control measures may be developed and evaluated within the noise propagation model. The predicted sound level contribution for each noise control measure after implementation may be reported for the point of interest. Acoustical specifications related to the recommendations are included in the report.



Study Area

The proposed Shell Canada Car Wash development is at 5826 Rochdale Boulevard in the City of Regina, Saskatchewan. The car wash will be situated parallel to the west property of the property west of the convenience store and fuel pump islands. The nearest residences or most impact residences border the northeast side of the site and are located at 1130 McCarthy Boulevard (also known as the 1130 Lakewood Terrace condominiums). The 1130 Lakewood Terrace condominium development shares a common property line with the Shell Canada property. The second residence of interest is northwest of the Shell Canada property at 105 Lakewood Court. The third (Eye Clinic) and forth (Dental Clinic) receiver locations are west of Shell Canada property at 1111 Lakewood Court North. Available information describes the topography of the area as flat and the landscape as urban with a mix of paved surfaces, asphalt, lawns, and trees.

Figure 1 and the report cover map present maps of the study area indicating the location of the proposed site, residential units, and other area features. Appendix A presents a larger higher rendition map of the study area.



Figure 1 Study Area Map Shell Canada Car Wash 5826 Rochdale Boulevard, Regina Saskatchewan



Environmental Noise Regulation Criteria

Bylaw 6980, a City of Regina bylaw to prohibit, eliminate and abate, loud, unusual, and unnecessary noise, or noises which annoy, disturb, injure, or endanger the comfort, repose, health, peace or safety of others within the city of Regina.

Bylaw 6980 Part III, Specific Prohibitions, Section 7.1 Land Use Noises:

(a) Subject to subsection (b), no person shall cause or permit to be made or continued any noise that exceeds the following standards for a cumulative period greater than 15 minutes in any hour as measured in A-weighted decibels (dBA) using a Type 2 sound level meter at 1.2 metres above the ground level surface at the lot line of the site where the noise originates:

Zone	Daytime 7:00 am – 10:00 pm Sound Pressure Level (dBA)	Nighttime 10:00 pm – 7:00 am Sound Pressure Level (dBA)
Residential Zone	60.0	55.0
Mixed Use Zone	70.0	60.0
		FDI Acoustics Project 316501

Table 1City of Regina Bylaw 6980 Land Use NoisesShell Canada Car Wash 5826 Rochdale Boulevard, Regina Saskatchewan

- (b) The following noises shall be exempt from this section:
 - Noises from construction or maintenance activities between 7:00 am and 10:00 pm;
 - (ii) Noises from safety signals, emergency vehicles and equipment, warning devices and emergency pressure release valves;
 - (iii) Noises from motor vehicles, airplanes, and trains; and
 - (iv) Ordinary domestic noises at a residential property such as voices or music and noise generated by tools or animals."

The Regina Zoning Bylaw 2019-19, Chapter 4, Mixed-Use Zones defines the regulations for land use and development within this zone. In City of Regina Zoning Map this area is considered as "Mixed High-Rise" zone in Commercial Zones categories with zone code "MH". Figure 2 is a map of the City of Regina Zoning Bylaw 2019 for the study area indicating the location of the proposed site and the applicable zoning for the area. FDI Acoustics notes the residential buildings north of proposed car wash site are within the commercial zone ID 590 with a code MH.



Environmental Noise Regulation Criteria (continued)

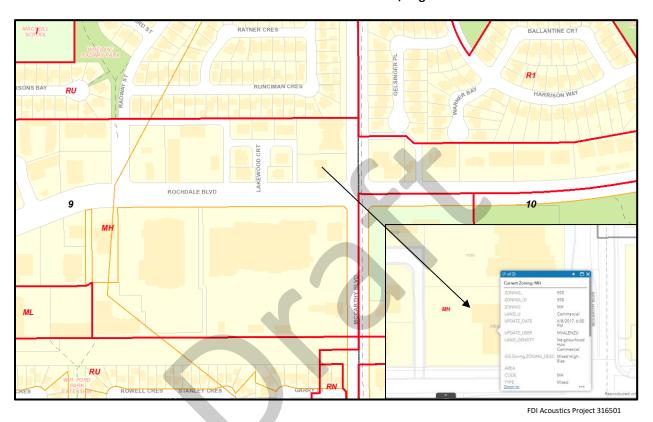


Figure 2 City of Regina Zoning Bylaw 2019 Map Shell Canada Car Wash 5826 Rochdale Boulevard, Regina Saskatchewan

Table 2 presents the Permissible Sound Levels applicable to the development as derived from City of Regina Bylaw 6980 Part III, Section 7.1 (a). CTM Design indicated the City of Regina requested that the residential buildings north of the site be considered as a Residential Zone. The developments west of the site at 111 Lakewood Court North are in a Commercial Zone.

Table 2
Permissible Sound Levels
Shell Canada Car Wash 5826 Rochdale Boulevard, Regina Saskatchewan

Receiver Location	Daytime Permissible Sound Level (dBA L _{eq})	Nighttime Permissible Sound Level (dBA L _{eq})	
1130 Lakewood Terrace (Property Line and Building Façade), 105 Lakewood Court (Building Façade)	60.0	55.0	
111 Lakewood Court North (Property Line)	70.0	-	



Description of Equipment

The proposed Shell Canada Car Wash consists of a drive through automatic car wash. The significant noise sources associated with the car wash development include dryers, high pressure sprayers, and an idling vehicle. CTM Design has indicated the dryer is an Aerodry Model A45 unit driven by 45 horsepower electric motor. The manufacturer indicates the dryer emits a sound pressure level of 82 dBA at 1.0 metres from the exterior door opening of the car wash. FDI Acoustics has assumed the entrance and exit doors of the car wash are open for 10% and 25% of the operating time, respectively based on information provided by CTM Design. The drying cycle is 60 seconds in duration with the exit door open during drying cycle. The assessment also considers one vehicle idling waiting to enter to the automatic car wash. Figure 3 contains architectural renderings of the car wash building as furnished by CTM Design.

Figure 3 Car Wash Perspective View Shell Canada Car Wash 5826 Rochdale Boulevard, Regina Saskatchewan





Source Sound Power Levels

FDI Acoustics completed calculations to determine octave band sound power level values for the significant noise sources associated with the equipment. Completion of the calculations followed accepted techniques and practices for the determination of sound power levels from sound pressure levels for large machinery. The sound power values presented in Table 3 are order-ranked from highest to lowest by the overall sum (dBA) per source group.

Sound	Sound Power Level (dBA re: 10 ⁻¹² W)									
Source		Octave Band Frequency (Hertz)				Sum				
Description	31.5	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	(dBA)
Automatic Car Wash										
Car Wash Exit Door	46.6	58.3	75.7	68.2	73.7	73.2	69.4	9.8	88.6	89.1
Car Wash Entrance Door	41.2	53.9	66.9	69.1	72.0	74.8	77.0	9.8	83.6	85.3
Car Wash Building Roof	54.5	65.9	66.6	63.7	74.7	68.3	64.4	71.9	67.0	78.5
Car Wash Building East Wall	44.2	55.5	56.3	61.4	71.3	56.0	58.1	65.6	60.6	73.3
Car Wash Building West Wall	35.2	46.5	47.1	53.2	62.8	47.6	45.1	49.1	40.7	63.8
Car Wash Building South and North Wall	28.0	39.4	44.2	50.3	60.2	45.9	44.0	48.4	40.5	61.2
Vehicle - Idling										
Vehicle Idling	55.0	62.0	69.0	71.0	74.0	77.0	77.0	71.0	64.0	82.1
									FDI Acoustics	Project 316501

Table 3 Source Sound Power Levels Shell Canada Car Wash 5826 Rochdale Boulevard, Regina Saskatchewan



Noise Propagation Model

The Predictor^M 7810 v12.01, an environmental noise assessment software package from Softnoise GmbH was employed to determine the environmental noise impact of the equipment. The noise prediction program completes complex sound propagation calculations that include the effects of the environment, terrain, and topography. The algorithms used by the model are consistent with international standards, including International Organization for Standardization (ISO) 9613-2:1996 Acoustics – Attenuation of sound during propagation outdoors – Part 1: Calculation of the absorption of sound by the atmosphere ⁴, Part 2: General method of calculation ^{5,6}, Part 3: Recommendations for quality assured implementation of ISO 9613-2 in software according to ISO 17534-1⁷.

The calculated individual source sound power level complete with information regarding the facility location, equipment layout and the reception location were entered in the model. The propagation algorithms of ISO 9613 consider a downwind condition from each noise source to each receiver. The ISO 9613 method claims to couple the downwind condition with a mild temperature inversion. The ground absorption coefficient ranges between 0.0 - 1.0 where a value of 0.0 (the lowest) depicts reflective (hard) ground with a value of 1.0 (the highest) depicting porous (absorptive) ground. The model was structured to reflect favourable conditions for the propagation of sound from the source to the receiver locations.

Table 4 lists the modeled environmental parameters of the noise propagation model.

Environmental Parameter	Model Input Value		
Ground Attenuation (between development & receiver)	0 (suitable value for concrete and road)		
Ground Attenuation (Lawn)	1 (suitable value for vegetation and porous ground)		
Receiver Height Above Ground	1.2m		
Relative Humidity	70%		
Temperature	+15°C		
Wind Conditions	1 to 5 m/s (default ISO 9613 – moderate inversion		
willa conditions	condition, downwind in all directions)		
Topography	CDEM (Canadian Digital Elevation Model) –		
Topography	14m*23m height points		

Table 4 Noise Model Environmental Parameters Shell Canada Car Wash 5826 Rochdale Boulevard, Regina Saskatchewan



Results

Table 5 presents the overall predicted sound pressure level and the source sound pressure level contributions as dBA values at the north property line (1130 Lakewood Terrace the most impacted residence). The modelling does not include a fence (acoustic barrier) along the property line. The source sound level contribution values are order ranked by the "A" weighted contribution level.

Table 5 Order Ranked Sound Pressure Levels 1130 Lakewood Terrace – North Property Line Shell Canada Car Wash 5826 Rochdale Boulevard, Regina Saskatchewan

Source Description	Source Sound Level Contribution (dBA)
Car Wash Entrance Door	61.5
Vehicle Idling #1	55.7
Car Wash Roof	41.0
Car Wash Exit Door	38.2
Car Wash Building North Wall	34.0
Car Wash Building East Wall (Triple Pane Glass)	32.5
Car Wash Building West Wall	26.1
Car Wash Building South Wall	6.2
Predicted Development Contribution Sum	62.6

FDI Acoustics Project 316501

Note: Sound Pressure level values below the reference level of 20 microPascals are indicated by a negative sign preceding the value



Results (continued)

Table 6 presents the overall predicted sound pressure level and the source sound pressure level contributions as dBA values at the north property line (1130 Lakewood Terrace the most impacted residence). The modelling reflects the installation of a fence (acoustic barrier) along the north property line. The barrier construction will result no openings or spaces in barrier panels and no openings or spaces between the barrier and the ground. The barrier design will have a minimum Sound Transmission Class (STC) 32 with the surface of the barrier facing the Shell Canada property being acoustically absorptive having a noise reflection coefficient of less than 20%. The barrier height is 1.8 metres. The source sound level contribution values in Table 6 are order ranked by the "A" weighted contribution level.

Table 6
Order Ranked Sound Pressure Levels
1130 Lakewood Terrace – North Property Line (with Barrier)
Shell Canada Car Wash 5826 Rochdale Boulevard, Regina Saskatchewan

Source Description	Source Sound Level Contribution (dBA)
Car Wash Entrance Door	48.4
Vehicle Idling #1	42.5
Car Wash Exit Door	35.5
Car Wash Roof	26.4
Car Wash Building East Wall (Triple Pane Glass)	23.1
Car Wash Building North Wall	22.8
Car Wash Building West Wall	17.6
Car Wash Building South Wall	3.4
Predicted Development Contribution Sum	49.7

FDI Acoustics Project 316501 Note: Sound Pressure level values below the reference level of 20 microPascals are indicated by a negative sign preceding the value

Order ranked sound pressure levels (Table 5 and Table 6) at a distant point of reception may differ from the equipment order ranked sound power levels (Table 3). This can occur due to the frequency composition of each noise source, the physical height of the noise source above the ground, acoustical shielding at the site or the topography between the site and the receiver.



Results (continued)

FDI Acoustics completed additional modelling to examine the contribution of traffic noise at the reception locations. Table 7 presents the overall predicted sound level contribution value from vehicle traffic for the reception locations. The modelling was completed using 2018-2019 traffic count data obtained from the City of Regina. The traffic count data represents average daily traffic volumes with the nighttime traffic assumed as 10% of the average daily traffic volume.

Receiver Location & Sound Level Description	Daytime Sound Level (dBA Leq)	Nighttime Sound Level (dBA L _{eq})	
	Without No	orth Barrier	
1111 Lakewood Court North – Eye Health Clinic Property Line	58.0	50.8	
1111 Lakewood Court North – Dental Health Clinic Property Line	62.4	55.2	
Permissible Sound Level (Mixed Use Zone)	70.0	60.0	
North Property Line - 1130 Lakewood Terrace	57.5	50.2	
1130 Lakewood Terrace – 1 st Floor	59.0	51.8	
1130 Lakewood Terrace – 2nd Floor	59.4	52.2	
1130 Lakewood Terrace – 3 rd Floor	59.5	52.2	
105 Lakewood Court – 1 st Floor	53.8	46.6	
105 Lakewood Court – 2 nd Floor	53.5	46.2	
Permissible Sound Level (Residential Zone)	60.0	55.0	

Table 7 Predicted Sound Levels – Road Traffic Shell Canada Car Wash 5826 Rochdale Boulevard, Regina Saskatchewan

The traffic noise values provide the reader with an indication of the existing ambient noise environment. The daytime and nighttime PSLs of Bylaw 6980 are also presented for the receiver locations assessed.

Appendix B presents a noise contour map overlaid on the site plan and study area. The car wash noise contour map reflects the daytime or nighttime operations of the car wash when the acoustic barrier is in place along the north of property line of the Shell Canada site. The sound levels were calculated at 1.2 metre receiver height from the ground elevation. Appendix B also presents the daytime road traffic sound pressure level contour map. The receiver locations are indicated on the noise contour maps.



Discussion of Results

Table 8 presents the overall predicted sound level contribution values from the proposed carwash operations and the PSLs for the locations assessed. The development sound level contributions are used for determining compliance with the applicable PSLs.

Table 8 Predicted Sound Levels – Car Wash Shell Canada Car Wash 5826 Rochdale Boulevard, Regina Saskatchewan

Daytime Sound Level (dBA L _{eq})	Nighttime Sound Level (dBA L _{eq})	Daytime Sound Level (dBA Leq)	Nighttime Sound Level (dBA Leq)
Without Barrier		w/ North Barrier	
61.3	-	61.3	-
66.9		66.9	-
70.0		70.0	
	62.6		49.7
		_	52.8
			52.6
			52.0
-	_		46.5
			48.0
			55.0
	Sound Level (dBA Leq) Without 61.3	Sound Level (dBA Leq) Sound Level (dBA Leq) Without Barrier 61.3 - 66.9 - 70.0 - 62.6 62.6 52.9 52.9 52.6 52.6 52.2 52.2 50.4 50.4	Sound Level (dBA Leq) Sound Level (dBA Leq) Sound Level (dBA Leq) Without Barrier w/ Nort 61.3 - 61.3 66.9 - 66.9 70.0 - 70.0 62.6 62.6 49.7 52.9 52.9 52.8 52.6 52.6 52.6 52.2 52.2 52.2 50.4 50.4 46.5 50.4 50.4 48.0

FDI Acoustics Project 316501

The results of the environmental noise propagation model indicate the predicted sound levels from the proposed Shell Canada Car Wash operations are predicted to exceed the daytime and nighttime PSLs of Bylaw 6980 at the property line with 1130 Lakewood Terrace. The results with the sound barrier in place indicate compliance with the daytime and nighttime PSLs of Bylaw 6980 at the receiver locations assessed.

Conclusion

The results of the environmental noise propagation model indicate the predicted sound levels from the proposed Shell Canada Car Wash operations are predicted to exceed the daytime and nighttime PSLs of Bylaw 6980 at the property line with 1130 Lakewood Terrace. CTM Design has indicated the landscape design of the for site may incorporate a 1.8 metre height fence (acoustic barrier) along the north property line. FDI Acoustics notes with the sound barrier in place the results of modelling indicate the Shell Canada Car Wash operations are predicted to comply the daytime and nighttime PSLs of Bylaw 6980 at the receiver locations assessed.



Glossary

Ambient Sound Level	All noises that exist in an area and are not related to the applicant development. Ambient noise may include sounds from other industrial noise sources, transportation sources, animals, and sounds related to the environment.
A-weighted sound level	The sound level as measured on a sound level meter using a setting that emphasizes the middle frequency components similar to the frequency response of the human ear.
C-weighted sound level	The C-weighting approximates the sensitivity of human hearing at industrial noise levels (above about 85 dBA). The C-weightings sound level (i.e., measured with the C-weightings) is more sensitive to sounds at low frequencies than the A-weighted sound level and is sometimes used to assess the low frequency content of complex sound environments.
Calibration	A procedure used for the adjustment of a sound level meter using a reference source of a known sound pressure level and frequency. Field calibration must take place before and after a series of sound level measurements.
Cumulative Sound Level	All AER and AUC regulated facility sound as predicted in the environmental noise model plus the ambient sound level. The cumulative sound level is used for determination of compliance with the allowable PSLs in the preparation of a Noise Impact Assessment.
dB (decibel) or dBZ	The decibel (dB) is a logarithmic unit of measurement that expresses the magnitude of a physical quantity (usually power or intensity) relative to a specified or implied reference level. Since it expresses a ratio of two quantities with the same unit, it is a dimensionless unit. A decibel is one tenth of a bel (B). A reference pressure of 20 microPascals (μ Pa) is used because sounds in air at a frequency of 1000 Hz and with a pressure of 20 microPascals (μ Pa) can just barely be heard by most people.
dBA	The decibel (dB) sound pressure level filtered through the A filtering network to approximate human hearing response.
	See dB and A-weighted sound level.
dBC	The decibel (dB) sound pressure level is adjusted to include the low frequency end of the spectrum. Although less consistent with human hearing than dBA, dBC can be used to discern the impact of low frequency sound emissions from industrial operations.



Energy equivalent sound level (L _{eq})	The L_{eq} is a single-number average, A-weighted sound level that represents cumulative acoustical energy as measured over a specified time interval. This interval should be specified in brackets following the L_{eq} (e.g.: L_{eq} (9) is a nine-hour L_{eq}).
ISO 9613-2:1996	Acoustics- Attenuation of sound during propagation outdoors- Part 2: General method of calculation (International Organization for Standardization)
L _{eq}	See Energy equivalent sound level.
Noise	Generally understood as unwanted sound.
Noise Impact Assessment (NIA)	Identifies the expected sound level emanating from a development as measured at the nearest or most impacted permanently or seasonally occupied dwelling or other reception point as defined by the applicable regulation or bylaw. An NIA also identifies what the permissible sound level is and how it was calculated.
Octave	A series of electronic filters separate sound into discrete frequency bands, making it possible to know how sound energy is distributed as a function of frequency. The octave band has a centre frequency that is double the centre frequency of the octave band preceding it.
1/3 Octave	The 1/3 octave band analysis provides a finer breakdown of sound distribution as a function of frequency.
Permissible Sound Level (PSL)	The maximum sound level that an applicant development should not exceed at a point of reception.
Representative conditions	Those conditions typical for an area and/or the nature of a complaint. Sound levels must be taken only when representative conditions exist; this may necessitate a survey of extensive duration (two or more consecutive nights).
Sound monitoring survey	The measurement and recording of sound levels and pertinent related information over a given time period.
Sound level meter	An instrument designed and calibrated to respond to sound and to give objective, reproducible measurements of sound pressure levels. It normally has several features that enable its frequency response and averaging times to be changed.



Sound pressure level	A measurement of the local pressure deviation from the ambient (average, or equilibrium) pressure caused by a sound wave.
Sound power level	Expressed in decibels (dB), it is equal to 10 times the logarithm to the base 10 of the ratio of the sound power of the source to a reference sound power level, typically 10^{-12} watts.
Spectrum	A wide range or sequence of frequencies.
Tonal components	A test for the presence of tonal components consists of two parts. The first must demonstrate that the sound pressure level of and one of the linear, (Z-
(low frequency noise)	weighted), 1/3 octave bands between 20 and 250 Hz is 10 dBZ or more than the sound pressure level of at least one of the adjacent bands within two 1/3 octave bands widths. In addition, there must be a minimum of a 5 dBZ drop from the band containing the tone within two bandwidths on the opposite side. The second part is that the tonal component must be a pronounced peak clearly obvious within the spectrum.
Windscreen	A specialized piece of porous sponge that fits over the microphone to reduce the noise generated by the wind blowing across the microphone.



Appendix A – Study Area Map



111

Lakewood Ct

100

A

R

105 Lakewood Ct

1111 Lakewood Ct N - Eye Health Clinic 🧿

TD I

Shell Canada Car Wash

North Property Line

9111 Lakewood Ct N - Dental Health Clinic

1130 Lakewood Terrace

Rochdale Blvd



177

egend

🯉 Propsed Car Wash

Receivers @ Property Line

Shell Canada Car Wash

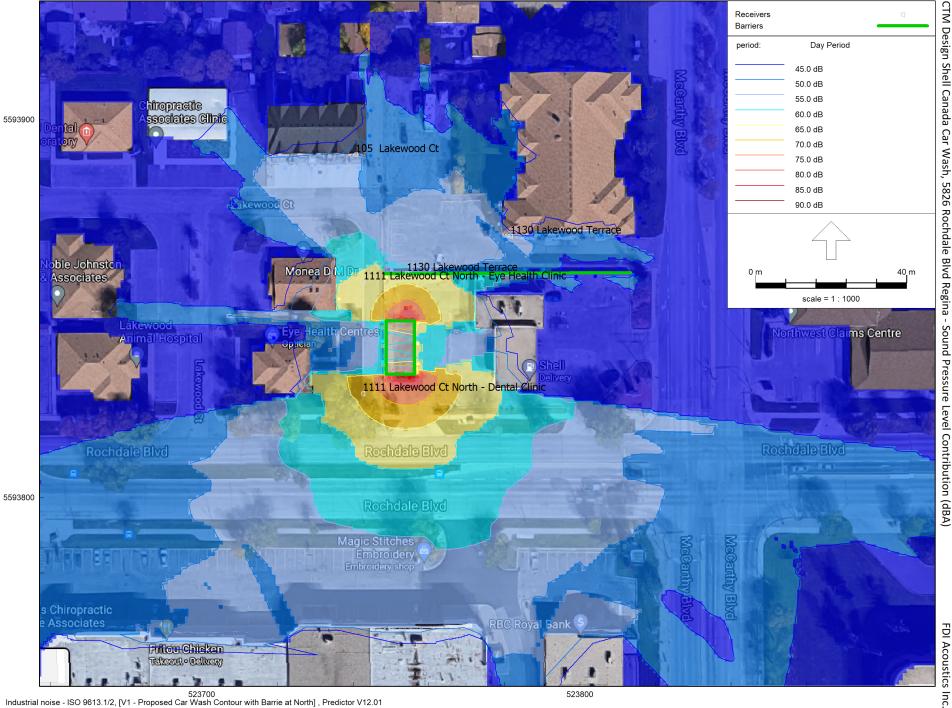


Appendix B – Noise Contour Maps

Sound pressure level contribution contour map of the CTM Design Shell Canada Car Wash 5826 Rochdale Blvd Regina with proposed acoustic barrier resulted from car wash operation at 1.2 metre height during daytime and nighttime period.

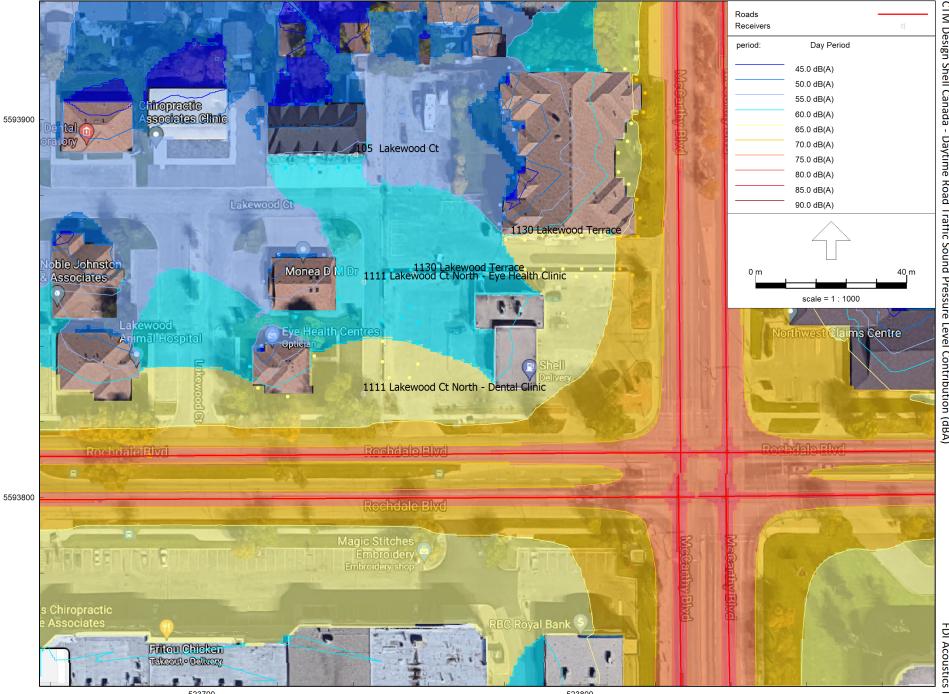
Existing road traffic sound pressure level contribution contour map without proposed acoustic barrier at 1.2 metre height during daytime period.





523700 Industrial noise - ISO 9613.1/2, [V1 - Proposed Car Wash Contour with Barrie at North] , Predictor V12.01

CTM Design Shell Canada Car Wash, 5826 Rochdale Blvd Regina - Sound Pressure Level Contribution (dBA)



523700 Road traffic noise - ISO 9613.1/2 Road, [V1 - Existing Condition Road Noise] , Predictor V12.01

523800



Appendix C – References

- 1. City of Regina, Bylaw 6980, The Noise Abatement Bylaw, September 30, 2019.
- 2. Crocker, M.J., <u>Handbook of Noise and Vibration Control</u>, John Wiley & Sons. New York, NY, 2007.
- 3. Bies, D.A. and Hansen, C.H., <u>Engineering Noise Control Theory and Practice</u>, Third Edition, Spon Press. New York, NY, 2003.
- International Organization for Standardization (ISO 9613-1), <u>Attenuation of sound during</u> propagation outdoors - Part 1: Calculation of the absorption of sound by the atmosphere, Approved 1993.
- 5. International Organization for Standardization (ISO 9613-2), <u>Attenuation of sound during</u> propagation outdoors Part 2: General method of calculation, Approved 1996.
- International Organization for Standardization (ISO 1996-2:2007), <u>Description</u>, <u>measurement</u>, and <u>assessment of environmental noise - Part 2</u>: <u>Determination of</u> <u>environmental noise levels</u>, Approved 2007 (Revises ISO 1996-2:1987 Acoustics – Description and measurement of environmental noise – Part 2: Acquisition of data pertinent to land use).
- International Organization for Standardization (ISO/TR 17534-3), <u>Acoustics Software for</u> the calculation of sound outdoors – Part 3: Recommendations for quality assured implementation of ISO 9613-2 in software according to ISO 17534-1, Approved 2015.